

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier:

TITANIUM NM24 CAFE ORO 10395227-46425609

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Industrial paint. For industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

Pintuco Autopista Medellín Bogotá Km 37 Vía Belén Rionegro Km 1 054040 Rionegro - Antioquia - Colombia Phone: 57 4 569 81 00 contacto@pintuco.com http://www.pintuco.com

1.4 Emergency phone number: CISTEMA SURA Colombia al 018000 51 14 14, fuera de Colombia (0574) 4444578

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Warning



Hazard statements:

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Additional labeling:



WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, 4-methylpentan-2-one, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 4-methylpentan-2-one, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of chemical products

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate	25 - <50 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene	3 - <25 %
CAS:	91-20-3	Naphthalene	3 - <25 %
CAS:	108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1 - <3 %
CAS:	71-36-3	butan-1-ol	1 - <3 %
CAS:	80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	0.1 - <1 %

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable



El Color de la Calidad

TITANIUM NM24 CAFE ORO 10395227-46425609

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 **Environmental precautions:**

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

64 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:41 °FMaximum Temp.:104 °FMaximum time:24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification		Occ	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate		8-hour TWA PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³	
CAS: 123-86-4		Ceiling Values - TW PEL	4		
Xylene		8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7		Ceiling Values - TW. PEL	4		
Naphthalene		8-hour TWA PEL	10 ppm	50 mg/m ³	
CAS: 91-20-3		Ceiling Values - TW. PEL	4		
4-methylpentan-2-one		8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	410 mg/m ³	
CAS: 108-10-1		Ceiling Values - TW. PEL	4		
butan-1-ol		8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	300 mg/m ³	
CAS: 71-36-3		Ceiling Values - TW. PEL	A		
Methyl methacrylate		8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	410 mg/m ³	
CAS: 80-62-6		Ceiling Values - TW. PEL	4	- 6	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Od	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 123-86-4	TLV-STEL			
Xylene	TLV-TWA	100 ppm		
CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-STEL	150 ppm		
Naphthalene	TLV-TWA	10 ppm		
CAS: 91-20-3	TLV-STEL			
4-methylpentan-2-one	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 108-10-1	TLV-STEL	75 ppm		
butan-1-ol	TLV-TWA	15 ppm		
CAS: 71-36-3	TLV-STEL			
Methyl methacrylate	TLV-TWA	50 ppm		
CAS: 80-62-6	TLV-STEL	100 ppm		

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m ³
Xylene	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m ³



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Naphthalene	PEL	0.1 ppm	0.5 mg/m ³
CAS: 91-20-3	STEL		
4-methylpentan-2-one	PEL	50 ppm	205 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-10-1	STEL	75 ppm	300 mg/m ³
butan-1-ol	PEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³
CAS: 71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³

Biological limit values:

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Naphthalene CAS: 91-20-3	0.0025 mg/L	1-Hydroxypyrene in urine	End of shift at end of workweek
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	1 mg/L	Methyl isobutyl ketone in urine	End of shift

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

Mandatory respiratory tract Mandatory	Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
protection	Mandatory	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	

C Specific	protection f	or the hand	IS

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low- density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

••	Beally proteotion		
	Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.



	Pictogram		PPE			Remarks
	Mandatory foot protection		twear for protection against chemical ntistatic and heat resistant properties		Replace boots at	any sign of deterioration.
F /	Additional emerge	ency meas	ures			
	Emergency mea	asure	Standards		Emergency measure	Standards
	· 🛦 🕈		ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:201	11	©+	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:20

Environmental exposure controls:

Emergency shower

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Eyewash stations

40 CFR Part 59 (VOC):

V.O.C.(weight-percent):	63.7 % weight
V.O.C. at 68 ºF:	639.52 kg/m ³ (639.52 g/L)

California Air Resources Board (CARB) - VOC Regulatory:

V.O.C.(weight-percent):	63.7 % weight
V.O.C. at 68 °F:	639.52 kg/m ³ (639.52 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical p	roperties:
	For complete information see the product datashe	eet.
	Appearance:	
	Physical sta <mark>te at 68 ºF:</mark>	Liquid
	Appearance:	Characteristic
	Color:	Characteristic
	Odor:	Characteristic
	Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
	Volatility:	
	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	181 - 2503 °F
	Vapour pressure at 68 ºF:	1105 Pa
	Vapour pressure at 122 ºF:	5571.38 Pa (5.57 kPa)
	Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Product description:	
	Density at 68 °F:	990.8 - 1017.2 kg/m³
	Relative density at 68 °F:	1.003 - 1.005
	Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	2700 - 3300 cP
	Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Concentration:	Non-applicable *
	pH:	Non-applicable *
	Vapour density at 68 ºF:	Non-applicable *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Solubility in water at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing i	nformation property of its hazards.



SEC	TION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPER	RTIES (continued)
	Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
	Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	80 °F
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
	Autoignition temperature:	498 °F
	Lower flammability limit:	Not available
	Upper flammability limit:	Not available
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes	s:
	Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
	Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
	Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
	Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Non-applicable *
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Refraction index:	Non-applicable *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inform	ation property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

[Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
	Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Contains substances which require external energy for spontaneous decomposition. Form explosive peroxides when distilled, evaporated or otherwise concentrated.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.

- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, For more information see section 3. IARC: Xylene (3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (2B); Methyl methacrylate (3);
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification		A	Acute toxicity	
N-butyl acetate		LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4		LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
		LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene		LD50 oral	3523 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7		LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	
		LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
butan-1-ol		LD50 oral	800 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 71-36-3		LD50 dermal	3430 mg/kg	Rabbit
		LC50 inhalation	24.66 mg/L (4 h)	Rat



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	A	Acute toxicity	
Naphthalene	LD50 oral	533 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 91-20-3	LD50 dermal	>16000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 oral	Non-applicable	
CAS: 108-10-1	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50	900 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
CAS: 108-10-1	EC50	862 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	980 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
butan-1-ol	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 71-36-3	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Methyl methacrylate	LC50	191 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 80-62-6	EC50	69 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	170 mg/L (96 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	NOEC	Non-applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Naphthalene	NOEC	0.37 mg/L	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Fish
CAS: 91-20-3	NOEC	0.59 mg/L	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
4-methylpentan-2-one	NOEC	Non-applicable		- 6
CAS: 108-10-1	NOEC	78 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
butan-1-ol	NOEC	Non-applicable		
CAS: 71-36-3	NOEC	4.1 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Methyl methacrylate	NOEC	9.4 mg/L	Danio rerio	Fish
CAS: 80-62-6	NOEC	37 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	De	gradability	Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Naphthalene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 91-20-3	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	2 %



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	De	Degradability		Biodegradability	
4-methylpentan-2-one	BOD5	2.06 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L	
CAS: 108-10-1	COD	2.16 g O2/g	Period	14 days	
	BOD5/COD	0.95	% Biodegradable	84 %	
butan-1-ol	BOD5	1.71 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable	
CAS: 71-36-3	COD	2.46 g O2/g	Period	19 days	
	BOD5/COD	0.7	% Biodegradable	98 %	
Methyl methacrylate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L	
CAS: 80-62-6	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days	
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	94.3 %	

Bioaccumulative potential: 12.3

Substance-specific information:

Identification	В	Bioaccumulation potential	
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78	
	Potential	Low	
Xylene	BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77	
	Potential	Low	
Naphthalene	BCF	168	
CAS: 91-20-3	Pow Log	3.3	
	Potential	High	
4-methylpentan-2-one	BCF	2	
CAS: 108-10-1	Pow Log	1.31	
	Potential	Low	
butan-1-ol	BCF	1	
CAS: 71-36-3	Pow Log	0.88	
	Potential	Low	
Methyl methacrylate	BCF	7	
CAS: 80-62-6	Pow Log	1.38	
	Potential	Low	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate	Кос	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable	
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m3/mol	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes	
Naphthalene	Koc	817	Henry	44.58 Pa·m ³ /mol	
CAS: 91-20-3	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	1.306E-2 N/m (531.93 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable	
CAS: 108-10-1	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	2.35E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	
butan-1-ol	Koc	2.44	Henry	5.39E-2 Pa·m³/mol	
CAS: 71-36-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	2.567E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes	
Methyl methacrylate	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable	
CAS: 80-62-6	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	2.551E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

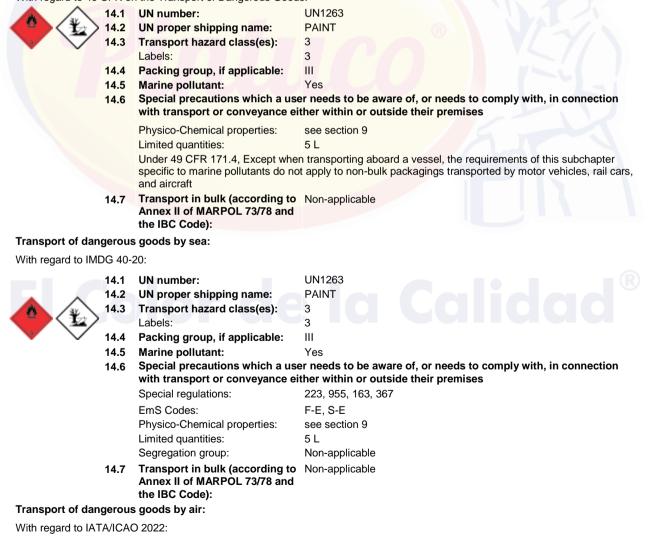
Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:





SECTION 14: TRANSPORT	INFORMATION (continued)	
14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6	• •	UN1263 PAINT 3 3 III Yes er needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection ther within or outside their premises
14.7	Physico-Chemical properties: Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	see section 9

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

- CALIFORNIALABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1)
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: Naphthalene (91-20-3) ; 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1)
 - CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)
- Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4) ; Xylene (1330-20-7) ; Naphthalene (91-20-3) ; 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1) ; butan-1-ol (71-36-3) ; Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)
- Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3);
4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act. N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3)
; 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1) ; butan-1-ol (71-36-3) ; Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - New York RTK - Substance list: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4) ; Xylene (1330-20-7) ; Naphthalene (91-20-3) ; 4-methylpentan-2-one
(108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - NTP (National Toxicology Program): Naphthalene (91-20-3)
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)
- Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3);
4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) - The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3);
4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRAsection 313 (40 CFR Part 372): Xylene (1330-20-7); Naphthalene (91-20-3);
4-methylpentan-2-one (108-10-1); butan-1-ol (71-36-3); Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6) Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: N-butyl acetate (5000 pounds); Xylene (100 pounds); Naphthalene (100 pounds); 4-methylpentan-2-one (5000 pounds); butan-1-ol (5000 pounds); Methyl methacrylate (1000 pounds)
Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment: It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances
in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H315: Causes skin irritation. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:
The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3
29 CFR 1910 1200
Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed. Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled. Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Advice related to training: Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.
Principal bibliographical sources:
Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).
Abbreviations and acronyms: IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
Date of compilation: 4/7/2022

El Color de la Calidad[®]

Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET